SIEMENS



Burner Controls

LGB...

Burner controls for the supervision of 1- or 2-stage gas or gas / oil burners of small to medium capacity (typically up to 350 kW), with or without fan, in intermittent operation.

The LGB... and this Data Sheet are intended for use by OEMs which integrate the burner controls in their products!

The LGB... burner controls are used for the startup and supervision of 1- or 2-stage gas or gas / oil burners in intermittent operation.

Depending on the type of burner control used, the flame is supervised either by an ionization probe, a blue-flame detector QRC1... for forced draft gas / oil burners, or a UV detector QRA... (with auxiliary unit AGQ1...A27).

In connection with the respective adapters, the LGB... burner controls replace their predecessor types LFI7... and LFM1... (also refer to «Replacement types» under «Ordering»).

- Automatic forced draft burners for gaseous fuels to EN 676
- Gas burner controls to EN 298
- Undervoltage detection
- Air pressure supervision with function check of the air pressure switch during startup and operation
- Electrical remote reset facility
- LGB41... for use with atmospheric gas burners

	To avoid injury to persons, damage to property or the environment, the following warning notes should be observed!
	Do not to open, interfere with or modify the unit!
	 All activities (mounting, installation and service work, etc.) must be performed by qualified staff Before performing any wiring changes in the connection area of the LGB, completely isolate the burner control from the mains supply (all-polar disconnection) Ensure protection against electric shock hazard by providing adequate protection for the burner control's connection terminals Check to ensure that wiring is in an orderly state Press the lockout reset button only manually (apply a force of no more than 10 N), without using any tools or pointed objects Fall or shock can adversely affect the safety functions. Such units must not be put into operation, even if they do not exhibit any damage
Mounting notes	
	Ensure that the relevant national safety regulations are complied with
Installation notes	
	 Always run the ignition cables separate from the unit and other cables while observing the greatest possible distance Do not mix up live and neutral conductors Install switches, fuses, earthing, etc., in compliance with local regulations Ensure that the maximum permissible current ratings will not be exceeded (refer to «Technical data») Do not feed external mains voltage to the control outputs of the unit. When testing the devices controlled by the burner control (fuel valves, etc.), the LGB must not be connected To isolate the burner control from the mains supply, use an all-polar switch with a contact gap of at least 3 mm Secure the earthing lug in the base with a metric screw and a lockwasher In the case of burners with no fan, the AGK25 must be connected to terminal 3 as a burden, or else the burner cannot reliably start For safety reasons, feed the neutral conductor to the neutral distributor in the plug-in base, or to terminal 2. Connect the burner components (fan, ignition transformer and gas valves) as represented in the figure 7435a14, to the neutral distributor as shown below. The connection between neutral conductor and terminal 2 is prewired in the base
	Example2 45 Legend V Fuel valve N Z V1 X N Fan motor Z Ignition transformer

Correct wiring of neutral conductors!

- It is important to achieve practically disturbance- and loss-free signal transmission:
 - Never run detector cables together with other cables
 - Line capacitance reduces the magnitude of the flame signal
 - Use a separate cable
- Observe the permissible length of the detector cables (refer to «Technical data»)
- The ionization probe and the ignition electrode are not protected against electric shock hazard
- Locate the high-voltage ignition electrode and the ionization probe such that the ignition spark cannot arc over to the ionization probe (risk of electrical overloads) and that it cannot adversely affect the supervision of ionization
- With both ionization current and UV supervision, the cable length for flame detection must not exceed 20 m
- Insulation resistance
 - Must be a minimum of 50 $\text{M}\Omega$ between ionization probe and ground
 - Soiled detector holders reduce the insulation resistance, thus supporting creepage currents
 - Prerequisite is not only high-quality heat-resistant insulation of the probe's cable, but also of the ionization probe itself (ceramic holder)
- Earth the burner in compliance with the relevant regulations; earthing the boiler alone does not suffice
- The connection diagrams show the burner controls with earthed neutral conductor. In networks with nonearthed neutral conductor and ionization current supervision, terminal 2 must be connected to the earth conductor via an RC unit (type reference ARC 4 668 9066 0). It must be made certain that local regulations are complied with (e.g. protection against electric shock hazard) since AC 230 V / 50 Hz mains voltage produces peak leakage currents of 2.7 mA

Commissioning notes

- · Prior to commissioning, check to ensure that wiring is in an orderly state
- When commissioning the plant for the first time or when doing maintenance work, make the following safety checks:

	Safety check to be carried out	Anticipated response
a)	Burner startup with previously inter- rupted line to the ionization probe and flame detector darkened in the case of QRA or QRC1	Lockout at the end of «TSA»
b)	Burner operation with simulated loss of flame. For that purpose, cut off the gas supply (e.g. disconnect the fuel valve while ensuring protection against elec- tric shock hazard)	Immediate lockout
c)	Burner operation with simulated air pressure failure (not with atmospheric burners)	Immediate lockout

- Conformity to EEC directives
- Electromagnetic compatibility EMC (immunity)
 - Low-voltage directive
 - Directive for gas appliances







ISO 9001: 2000 Cert. 00739

ISO 14001: 1996 Cert. 38233

- Identification code to EN 298
 - LGB21... / LGB22...
 - LGB32...
 - LGB41...

(«BV1 + BV2» or «ZBV + BV2»)

FTLLXN with 2-stage operation FMLLXN with 2-stage operation ABLLXN with 2-stage operation AMLLXN with 1-stage operation

89 / 336 EEC

90 / 396 EEC

73 / 23 EEC

	CERT	DVGW	
LGB21.130A17	х	х	
LGB21.130A27	х	х	х
LGB21.230A27	х	х	х
LGB21.330A27	х	х	х
LGB21.350A17	х	х	
LGB21.350A27	x	х	х
LGB21.550A27	х	х	х
LGB22.130A27	x	х	Х
LGB22.230B27	x	х	х
LGB22.330A17	х	х	
LGB22.330A27	x	х	Х
LGB22.330A270	x	х	Х
LGB32.130A27	х	х	Х
LGB32.230A17	x	х	
LGB32.230A27	x	х	х
LGB32.330A17	х	х	Х
LGB32.330A27	х	х	Х
LGB32.350A17	x	х	х
LGB32.350A27	х	х	х
LGB41.255A27	х	х	
LGB41.258A17	x	х	
LGB41.258A27	x	х	

Service notes

- Each time a unit has been replaced, check to ensure that wiring is in an orderly state. Make the safety check in accordance with section «Commissioning notes»
- Use KF8872 service adapter for short periods of time only

Disposal notes



The unit contains electrical and electronic components and must not be disposed of together with household waste.

Local and currently valid legislation must be observed.

The housing is made of impact-proof, heat-resistant and flame-retarding plastic. It is of plug-in design (measuring 91 x 62 x 63 mm, including the base) and engages audibly in the base.

The housing accommodates the

- programming mechanism with the synchronous motor _
- electronic flame signal amplifier (ionization) with the flame relay and the other switching devices
- lockout reset button with its integrated fault indication lamp

Type summary

The type references given below apply to LGB... burner controls without plug-in base and without flame detector. For ordering information on plug-in bases and other accessories, refer to «Mechanical design», «Ordering», «Flame supervision ...» and «Technical data».

Flame detector	Type reference	Approved in:	tw/s	t1/s	TSA/s	t3n/s	t3/s	t4/s	t9/s	t10/s	t11/s	t12/s	t20/s
									6)		3)	3)	
			ca.	min.	max.	ca.	ca.	ca.	max.	min.	max.	max.	ca.
Burner controls for prepurg	Burner controls for prepurging with low-fire air volume and control of actuator												
Ionization probe (ION)	LGB21.130A27 4)7)	CH, EU, S, SF	8	7	3	2.4	2	8		5			6
or UV detector QRA	LGB21.230A27 5)	CH, EU, S, SF	8	15	3	2.4	2	8		5			38
with AGQ1A27	LGB21.330A27 5)	CH, EU, H, S, SF	8	30	3	2.4	2	8		5			23
	LGB21.350A27 5)7)	CH, EU, H, S, SF	8	30	5	4	2	10		5			21
	LGB21.550A27 5)	AUS, CH, EU	8	50	5	4	2	10		5			2
Burner controls for prepurg	ing with nominal load a	ir volume and control of actua	ator							-	-		
Ionization probe (ION)	LGB22.130A27 4)	CH, EU, N, S	9	7	3	2.4	3	8		4	12	12	21
or UV detector QRA	LGB22.230B27 5)	CH, EU, N, S, SF	9	20	3	2.4	3	8		4	16.5	16.5	2
with AGQ1A27	LGB22.330A27 5)7)	AUS, CH, EU, H, N, S, SF	9	30	3	2.4	3	8		4	12	11	2
	LGB22.330A270 5)8)	EU	9	30	3	2.4	3	8		4	12	11	2
Blue-flame detector	LGB32.130A27 4)1)	CH, EU	9	7	3	2.4	3	8		4	12	12	21
QRC1	LGB32.230A27 5)1)	CH, EU	9	20	3	2.4	3	8		4	12	12	2
	LGB32.330A27 5)	CH, EU	9	30	3	2.4	3	8		4	12	11	2
	LGB32.350A27 5)	CH, EU	9	30	5	4.4	1	10		4	12	9	2
Burner controls for atmosp	heric burners			-						-		-	
Ionization probe (ION)	LGB41.255A27	EU	18		5	4	2	10	5				10
or UV detector QRA	LGB41.258A27 2)5)7)	CH, EU, H, SF	18		5	4	2	10	8				10
with AGQ1A27													

Legend	tw	Waiting time	1)	On request
	t1	Prepurge time	2)	For atmospheric burners up to 120 kW
	TSA	Ignition safety time	3)	Maximum running time available for actuator
	t3	Preignition time	4)	Also suited for flash steam generators
	t3n	Postignition time	5)	Also suited for stationary direct-fired air heaters
	t4	Interval «BV1-BV2» or «BV1-LR»	6)	«t9» + reaction time of flame relay
	t9	Second safety time (only with LGB41)	7)	Also available for AC 100110 V; in that case, the last 2
	t10	Specified time for air pressure signal		digits read17 in place of27
	t11	Programmed opening time for actuator «SA»	8)	Without internal microfuse; must only be used in connection
	t12	Programmed closing time for actuator «SA»		with external microfuse 6.3 A (slow)!
	t20	Interval up to self-shutdown of programming mechanism		

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	Burner control, without plug-in base	refer to «Type summary»
	 Connection accessories for small burner controls Plug-in base AGK11 Cable holders AGK65, AGK66, AGK67 Cable strain relief elements for AGK67 	refer to Data Sheet N7201
	 Connection accessories for small burner controls Plug-in base AGK13 Plug-in housing AGK56 Accessories AGK68 	refer to Data Sheet N7203
	 Flame detectors Ionization probe UV- flame detectors QRA2 / QRA10 Blue-flame detectors QRC1 	supplied by thirds refer to Data Sheet N7712 refer to Data Sheet N7716
	RC unit For the supervision of ionization currents in networks with networks	ARC 4 668 9066 0 onearthed neutral conductor
	PTC resistor (AC 230 V) To burden terminal 3 (mandatory when using burners with n motor connected to terminal 3)	AGK25 no fan
	Auxiliary unit for UV supervision - Cable length 500 mm - Cable length 300 mm - Can be fitted under the plug-in base (refer to «Dimensions	AGQ1.1A27 AGQ1.2A27 **)
A0x21	Pedestal (empty housing) - For increasing the height of the LGB to that of the LFM	AGK21 . or LFI7
	Service adapter - For checking the functioning of the burner controls on the l - Functional test with signal lamps - Detector resistance measurement with a jack of 4 mm diar	
	Adapters / replacement types	

No rewiring required

No rewiring required			
LGB21 with adapter	KF8852	NAMES OF TAXABLE	LFI7
	KF8880		LFM1 LFM1F
LGB22 with adapter	KF8853-K	(19.2000 110 10)	LFI7
	KF8880		LFM1
LGB41 with adapter	KF8862		LFM1

Technical data

General unit data LGB...

Environmental conditions

Mains voltage	AC 220 V –15 %AC 240 V +10 %
	(LGB2 / LGB4)
	AC 230 V –15 % / +10 % (LGB32!)
	AC 100 V –15 %AC 110 V +10 %
Mains frequency	5060 Hz ±6 %
Input current at terminal 12	max. 5 A
	within the permissible voltage range
	AC 187264 V or AC 195253 V
Current rating	
- Terminal 3	max. 3 A (15 A for max. 0.5 s)
T	max. 2 A
- Terminals 4, 5 and 7	max. 1 A
- Terminals 9 and 10	max. 5 A
- Terminal 12	(at Umax. AC 264 V or AC 253 V)
Cable length terminals 8 and 10	20 m at 100 pF / m
Perm. cable lengths	max. 3 m at 100 pF / m line capacitance
Detector cable laid separately	20 m
Power consumption	3 VA
Primary fuse	max. 10 A (slow)
Degree of protection	IP 40, when built in, with the exception of
	the connection area (terminal base)
Mounting position	optional
Weight	approx. 230 g
Storage	DIN EN 60 721-3-1
Climatic conditions	class 1K3
Mechanical conditions	class 1M2
Temperature range	-20+60 °C
Humidity	< 95 % r.h.
Transport	DIN EN 60 721-3-2
Climatic conditions	class 2K3
Mechanical conditions	class 2M2
Temperature range	-20+60 °C
Humidity	< 95 % r.h.
Operation	DIN EN 60 721-3-3
Climatic conditions	class 3K3
Mechanical conditions	class 3M2
Temperature range	-20+60 °C
Humidity	< 95 % r.h.

Condensation, formation of ice and ingress of water are not permitted!

Flame supervision

Flame supervision with

ionization probe

	At mains voltage UN = AC 230 V
Detector voltage across terminals 1 and	≤UN
2 or ground (AC voltmeter $Ri \ge 10 M\Omega$)	
Detector current required for reliable operation	min. 3 µA
Possible detector current in operation	max. 100 μA

The conductivity and rectifying effect of hot flame gases are used for flame supervision. For that purpose, AC voltage is applied to the heat-resistant ionization probe which projects into the flame. The current that flows in the presence of a flame (ionization current) produces the flame signal which is fed to the input of the flame signal amplifier. The amplifier is designed such that it only responds to the DC current component of the flame signal, thereby ensuring that a short-circuit between ionization probe and ground cannot simulate a flame signal (since in that case AC current would flow).

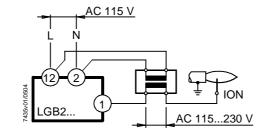
Basically, the flame supervision circuit is insensitive to adverse effects of the ignition spark.

However, should the disturbing effects of the ignition spark on the ionization current exceed a certain level, the electrical connections on the primary side of the ignition transformer must be changed and / or the location of the ionization probe must be checked.

Since the ionization current with burner controls operating on AC 110 V is only about 50 % of those operating on AC 230 V, certain applications make it necessary to increase the ionization current with a transformer.

Capacity of transformer: Min. 2 VA Transforming ratio: Approx. 1.1...1.5

The primary and secondary windings of the transformer must be galvanically separated.



Connection of transformer

Ionization current su-

pervision with burner

controls operating on

AC 110 V

Flame supervision with blue-flame detector QRC1...

Perm. detector current during the prepurge max. 5 µA				
time (dark current)				
Detector current required during min. 50 µA				
operation				
Possible detector current in operation	max. 80 μA			

Measuring circuit with the QRC1...



The QRC1... has been designed specifically for blue-burning flames. Incidence of light is from the front and laterally. The flame detector is secured by means of a soft plastic plug. 3-core connection (preamplifier integrated in the detector casing). For the different types of flame detectors, engineering notes and technical data, refer to Data Sheet N7716.

AC 220 V –15 %AC 240 V +10 %
5060 Hz ±6 %
4.5 VA
IP 40
-20+60 °C
-40+70 °C
max. 20 m
optional
max. 20 m
approx. 140 g

	At mains voltage UN:	
	AC 220 V	AC 240 V
Detector voltage at QRA (with no load)		
Up to the end of «t10» and after controlled shutdown	DC 400 V	DC 400 V
From the beginning of «t1»	DC 300 V	DC 300 V
Detector voltage		
Load by DC measuring instrument Ri > 10 M Ω		
Up to the end of «t10» and after controlled shutdown	DC 380 V	DC 380 V
From the beginning of «t1»	DC 280 V	DC 280 V
DC detector signals with UV detector QRA	Min. required	Max. possible
Measurement on the QRA	200 µA	500 µA

Flame supervision with UV detector QRA... and AGQ... for LGB21... / LGB22... / LGB41...

Flame supervision with UV detector QRA... and auxiliary unit AGQ... for LGB21... / LGB22... / LGB41...

UV detector QRA... Universal flame detector for use with gas and gas / oil burners. Incidence of light from the front and laterally, total length 97 mm. Available with normal or, as QRA2M, with higher sensitivity. Secured with flange and clamp. Also available as a metal encapsulated version in the form of the QRA10... (for details, refer to Data Sheet N7712).

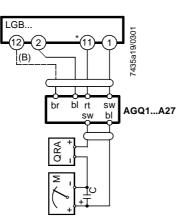
A special UV auxiliary unit AGQ1...A27 is required in connection with LGB... burner controls.

That unit is to be connected to the mains supply via 2 cables, and to the burner control via terminals 1, 2 and 11.

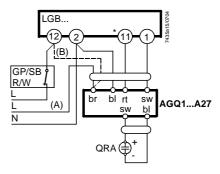
Using circuitry (A) or (B), there are 2 ways to make the quench test on aging UV detectors and to detect UV light:

- 1. (A) Operation with a permanent line:
 - UV test at a higher supply voltage across the UV cell on startup and after controlled shutdown.
- 2. (B) Operation with a controlled line:
 - UV test at a higher supply voltage only on startup, that is, during the interval between controlled startup and air pressure signal.
 - No voltage at the UV cell after controlled shutdown
 - No full substitute for mode (A) above, since an aged UV cell can regenerate itself

Measuring circuit



Connection diagram



Measurement made on the flame detector

Legend

Auxiliary unit

AGQ1...A27

- GP Gas pressure switch
- R Temperature or pressure controller
- SB Safety limit thermostat
- W Limit thermostat or pressure switch
- With LGB41...: Terminal 3
- (A) Operation with permanent line
- (B) Operation with controlled line

Functions	
	The function diagrams show the required or permissible input signals to the control section and to the flame supervision circuit hatched (refer to «Connection diagrams»). If these input signals are not present, the burner control will stop the startup sequence to trigger lockout where required by safety regulations.
Preconditions for burner startup	 Burner control must be reset The contacts of gas pressure switch «GP», limit thermostat / pressure switch «W», control thermostat / pressurestat «R» and safety limit thermostat «SB» must be closed Fan motor «M» or AGK25 must be connected Air pressure switch «LP» must be in its no load position
Undervoltages	LGB burner controls are capable of detecting undervoltages . This means that load relay «AR» will be deenergized if mains voltage drops below AC 160 V (for nominal AC 220240 V) or AC 75 V (for nominal AC 100110 V). The burner control will automatically make a restart attempt when the supply voltage returns to a level above AC 160 V and AC 75 V respectively.
Reversed polarity protection	If the connections of live conductor (terminal 12) and neutral conductor (terminal 2) are mixed up, the burner control will initiate lockout at the end of «TSA».
Startup sequence	A – C Startup sequence
	A Start command (switching on) This command is triggered by control thermostat / pressurestat «R». Terminal 12 receives voltage and the programming mechanism starts running. On completion of waiting time «tw» with the LGB21, or after air damper «SA» has reached the nominal load position (on completion of «t11») with the LGB22 / LGB32, fan motor «M» will be started.
	TSA Ignition safety time On completion of «TSA», a flame signal must be present at terminal 1. That flame signal must be continuously available until shutdown occurs, or else flame relay «FR» will be deenergized, resulting in lockout.
	tw Waiting time During the waiting time, air pressure switch «LP» and flame relay «FR» are tested for correct contact positions.
	 t1 Prepurge time Purging the combustion chamber and the secondary heating surfaces: Required with low-fire air volumes when using the LGB21 and with nominal load air volumes when using the LGB22 / LGB32 «Type summary» and the «Function and sequence diagrams» show the so-called prepurge time «t1» during which air pressure switch «LP» must indicate that the required air pressure is available. The effective prepurge time «t1» comprises interval end «tw» through «t3».
	t3 Preignition time During «t3» and up to the end of «TSA», flame relay «FR» is forced to close. On completion of «t3», the release of fuel is triggered at terminal 4 or at termi- nal 11 of the LGB41

t3n Postignition time

Ignition time during «TSA»

Just before reaching the end of «TSA», ignition transformer «Z» will be switched off.

This means that «t3n» is somewhat shorter than «TSA».

This is necessary in order to give the forcedly closed flame relay (FR) sufficient time to drop out if there is no flame.

t4 Interval

LGB21... / LGB41...: Time to the release of the second fuel valve «BV2» **LGB22... / LGB32...:** On completion of «t4», the heat source is controlled depending on the load (release of load controller «LR»)

t9 Second safety time

(Only with LGB41...) For pilot burners with main flame supervision equipped with a pilot gas valve $\ll ZV1$ ».

t10 Specified time for air pressure signal

On completion of this period of time, the set air pressure must have built up, or else lockout will occur.

t11 **Programmed opening time for actuator «SA»** (Only with LGB22... / LGB32...)

The air damper opens until the nominal load position is reached. Only then will fan motor «M» be switched on.

t12 **Programmed closing time for actuator «SA»** (Only with LGB22... / LGB32...) During «t12», the air damper travels to the low-fire position.

B – B' Interval for establishment of flame

C Burner operating position reached

C – D **Burner operation** (generation of heat) Nominal output or, in connection with a load controller «LR», part load operation.

D Shutdown by «R»

The burner is immediately shut down and the programming mechanism is ready for a new start.

Control sequence in the event of fault In principle, whenever lockout occurs, the fuel supply will immediately be shut down. If that takes place between startup and preignition, which is not indicated by a symbol, the usual cause is air pressure switch «LP» shutting down, or a premature, faulty flame signal.

	After a mains failure or in the event of un-	New startup with full program sequence
	dervoltage:	on power restoration
	• Premature flame signal from the start of «t1»:	Immediate lockout
	Contacts of air pressure switch «LP» have	Prevention of startup
	welded during «tw»:	
	No air pressure signal:	Lockout on completion of «t10»
	• Air pressure failure on completion of «t10»:	Immediate lockout
	Burner does not ignite:	Lockout on completion of «TSA»
	 Flame is lost during operation: 	Immediate lockout
Lockout	After lockout, the LGB will remain locked (lockour	t cannot be changed).
	This state will also be maintained in the event of m	ains voltage failure.

Resetting the LGB... Whenever lockout occurs, the burner control can immediately be reset.

Lockout and control sequence indication

The position of the programming mechanism can be seen through the viewing window on the front of the unit. In the event of fault, the programming mechanism stops and thus the lockout indicator also. The symbol in the viewing window indicates both the position in the control sequence and the type of fault according to the following legend:

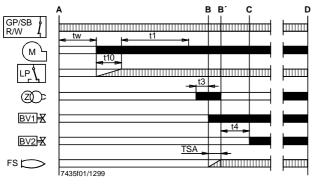
4	No startup since the start control loop is open
•	
	Interval «tw» or «t10» (LGB21)
	Interval «tw» or «t11» (LGB22 / LGB32)
	Interval «tw», «t3» or «TSA» (LGB41)
	Air damper fully open (LGB22 / LGB32)
Ρ	Lockout due to absence of air pressure signal
_	
++ +	Interval «t1», «t3» and «TSA» (LGB21)
	Interval «t1», «t3» («t12») (LGB22 / LGB32)
▼	Release of fuel
1	Lockout since there is no flame signal on completion of the first safety time
2	Release of second fuel valve (LGB21 / LGB41)
_	Release of load controller (LGB22 / LGB32)
3	Lockout since there is no flame signal on completion of the second safety time (LGB41)
••••	Partial load or nominal load operation (or return to the operating position)

Connection diagrams

LGB21...

Flame supervision

Burner controls for 1- or 2-stage forced draft burners. Air damper control for prepurging with **low-fire air volume**.



Application examples

Control of actuators of 2-stage or 2-stage modulating burners.

Prepurging («t1») with low-fire air volume.

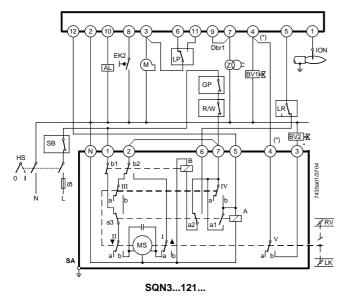
Same low-fire actuator position (switching cam III) during startup and operation!

For information about actuators «SA»:

SQN3...: Refer to Data Sheet N7808

SQN7...: Refer to Data Sheet N7804

SQN9...: Refer to Data Sheet N7806

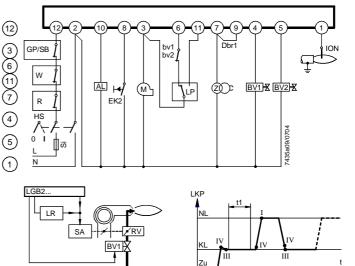


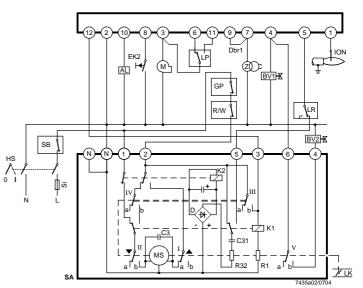
* Note:

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With 2-stage modulating burners (with gas control damper «RV»), «BV2» and the dotted connection between terminals (*) are not required

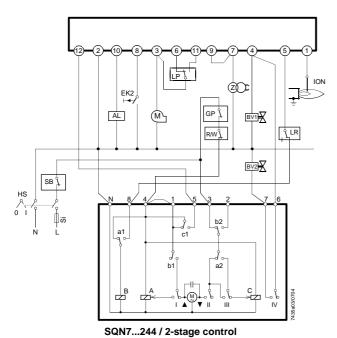
LGB21...: With ionization probe or auxiliary unit AGQ1...A27 for UV detector QRA...

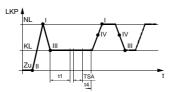




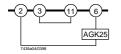
SQN91.140... / 2-stage control

LGB21...

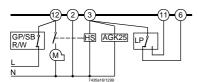




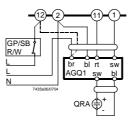
Burner without fan and without «LP»



Burner with fan control via auxiliary contactor («HS») with «LP»



QRA... with auxiliary unit AGQ1... with LGB21... (diagram 7435a06)



Legend

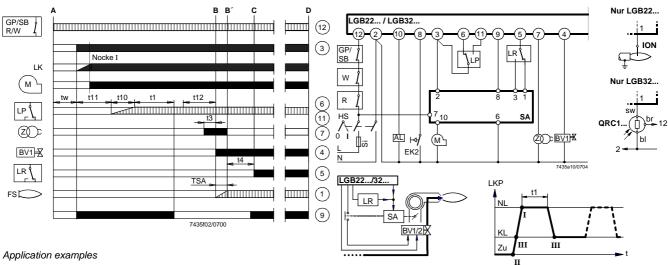
- bl Blue wire
- br Brown wire
- rt Red wire
- sw Black wire

LGB22... / LGB32...

Burner controls for single- or 2-stage forced draft burners. Air damper control for prepurging with nominal load air volume.

Flame supervision

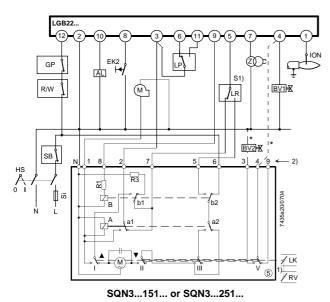
- LGB22...: With ionization probe or auxiliary unit AGQ1... for UV detector QRA...
- LGB32...: With blue-flame detector QRC1...



Application examples

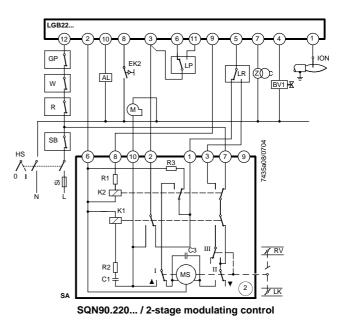
Control of actuators of 2-stage or 2-stage modulating burners. Prepurging («t1») with nominal load air volume.

For information about the actuators: SQN3...: Refer to Data Sheet N7808 SQN7...: Refer to Data Sheet N7804 SQN9...: Refer to Data Sheet N7806

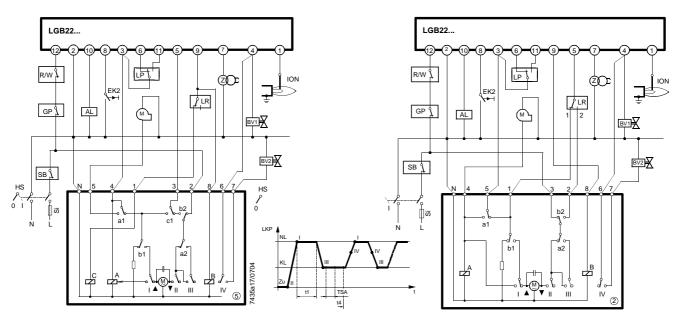


* Note:

With 2-stage modulating burners (with gas control damper «RV»), «BV2» and the dotted connection between terminals marked (*) are not required.



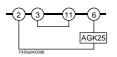
LGB22... / LGB32...



SQN7...454 / 2-stage control Single-wire control SQN7...424 / 2-stage control 2-wire control

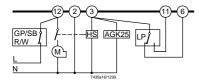
Burner without fan and without «LP»

LGB22... / LGB32...



Burner with fan control via auxiliary contactor («HS») with «LP»

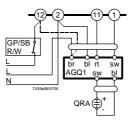
LGB22... / LGB32...



Legend

TSA	Ignition safety time		
t1	Prepurge time		
t4	Interval «BV1 – BV2»		
	LGB22 / LGB32: interval «BV1 - LR»		
AL	Alarm	LR	Load controller
BV	Fuel valve	М	Fan motor
EK2	Remote reset button	NL	Nominal load
ION	Ionization probe	R	Control thermostat or pressurestat
GP	Gas pressure switch	SB	Safety limit thermostat
HS	Mains isolator	Si	Primary fuse
KL	Low-fire	W	Limit thermostat
LKP	Air damper position	Z	Ignition transformer
LP	Air pressure switch		

QRA... with auxiliary unit AGQ1... with LGB22... (diagram 7435a06)



Legend

- bl Blue wire
- br Brown wire
- rt Red wire
- sw Black wire

Connection diagrams (cont'd)

LGB41...

Burner controls for atmospheric gas burners with or without fan. No actuator control. Flame supervision with ionization probe

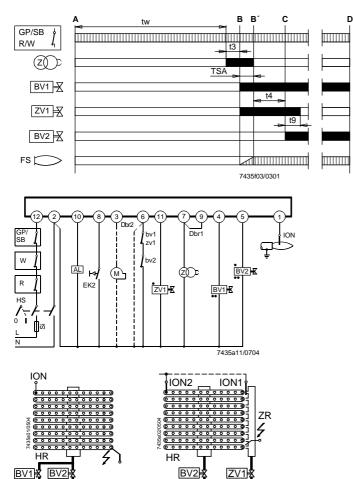
(12)

7

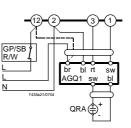
4

(11)

(5) (1)



QRA... with auxiliary unit AGQ1... with LGB4... (Pictures 7435a21)



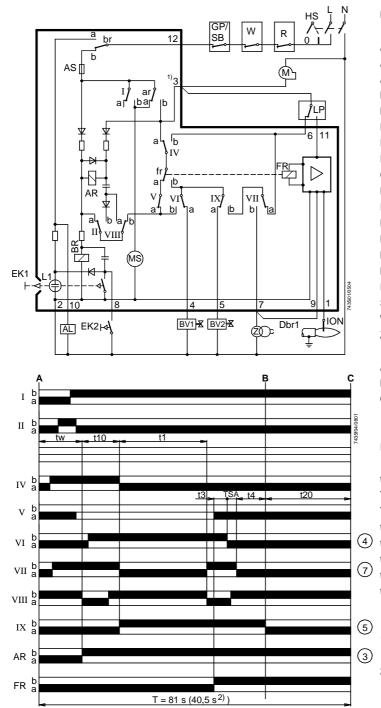
Auxiliary switch in the pilot gas valve

Lea	er	٦d	

А	Startup (switching on by «R»)	AL	Alarm
B – B´	Interval for establishment of flame	BV	Fuel valve
С	Operating position of burner or release of the second stage	bv	Auxiliary switch in the fuel valves (for checking the fully
	by load controller «LR»		closed position)
D	Shutdown by «R»	Dbr1	Wire link
		Dbr2	Wire link, required when contact «bv» or «zv1» is missing
tw	Waiting time	EK2	Remote reset button
		ION	Ionization probe
TSA	Ignition safety time	FS	Flame signal
t3	Prepurge time	GP	Gas pressure switch
t4	Interval «BV1 – BV2»	HR	Main burner
t9	Second safety time	HS	Mains isolator
		Μ	(Auxiliary) fan motor
		QRA	Blue-flame detector
			bl Blue
			br Brown
			rt Red
			sw Black
	Required input signals	R	Control thermostat or pressurestat
	Burner control's output signals	SB	Safety limit thermostat
		Si	Primary fuse
		W	Limit thermostat
•	Connection of valves with pilot burners with main flame	Z	Ignition transformer
	supervision	ZR	Pilot burner
••	Connection of valves with 2-stage atmospheric burners	ZV1	Pilot gas valve

zv1

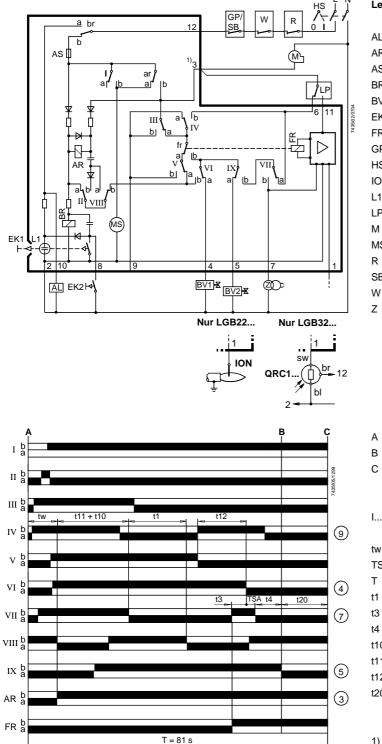
- Connection of valves with 2-stage atmospheric burners with supervision of the first stage («BV1»)
- 18/22 Sigmons Building



Legend

AL	Alarm
AR	
AS	Load relay with contact «ar» Unit fuse
BR	
BV	Locking relay with contact «br»
Dbr1	Fuel valve Wire link
EK	Lockout reset button
FR	Flame relay
GP	Gas pressure switch
HS	Mains isolator
ION	Ionization probe
L1	Lockout warning lamp
LP	Air pressure switch
М	Fan motor
MS	Synchronous motor
R	Control thermostat or pressurestat
SB	Safety limit thermostat
W	Limit thermostat or pressure switch
Z	Ignition transformer
A	Start position (switching on)
В	Operating position of burner
С	Operating position of programming mechanism or start
	position
IIX	Cam switches
tw	Waiting time
TSA	Ignition safety time
Т	Total running time of programming mechanism
t1	Prepurge time
t3	Preignition time
t4	Interval «BV1 – BV2»
t10	Specified time for air pressure signal
t20	Interval up to self-shutdown of programming
	mechanism
1)	Resistance between terminal 3 and «N» must not
	exceed 1.6 kΩ
2)	Only with LGB21.130A27

LGB22... / LGB32...

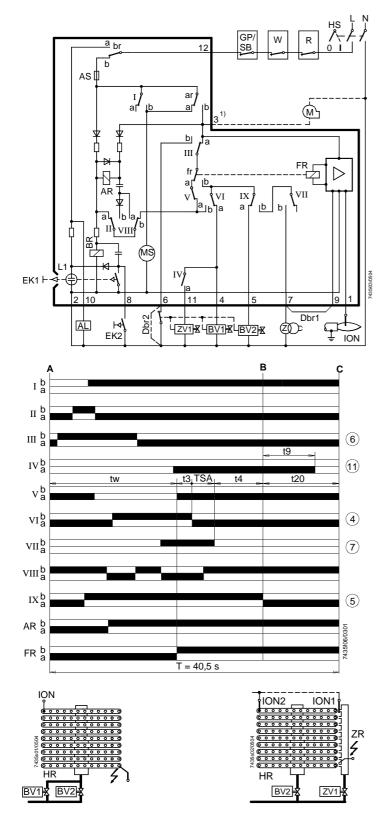


Legend

Legena	
AL	Alarm
AR	Load relay with contact «ar»
AS	Unit fuse
BR	Locking relay with contact «br»
BV	Fuel valve
EK	Lockout reset button
FR	Flame relay
GP	Gas pressure switch
HS	Mains isolator
ION	Ionization probe
L1	Lockout warning lamp
LP	Air pressure switch
М	Fan motor
MS	Synchronous motor
R	Control thermostat or pressurestat
SB	Safety limit thermostat

- / Limit thermostat or pressure switch
- Ignition transformer
- A Start position (switching on)
- B Operating position of burner
- C Operating position of programming mechanism or start position
- I...IX Cam switches
- tw Waiting time
- TSA Ignition safety time
 - Total running time of programming mechanism
- t1 Prepurge time
- t3 Preignition time
- t4 Interval «BV1 BV2» or «BV1 LR»
- t10 Specified time for air pressure signal
- t11 Programmed opening time for actuator «SA»
- t12 Programmed closing time for actuator «SA»
- t20 Interval up to self-shutdown of programming mechanism
- 1) Resistance between terminal 3 and «N» must not exceed 1.6 $k\Omega$

LGB41...



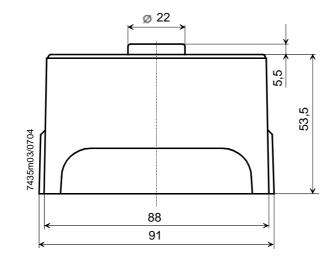
Legend

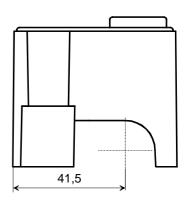
3	
AL	Alarm
AR	Load relay with contact «ar»
AS	Unit fuse
BR	Locking relay with contact «br»
BV	Fuel valve
Dbr1	Wire link
Dbr2	Wire link terminal 6-2 required when contact «bv» or «zv1»
	is missing
EK	Lockout reset button
FR	Flame relay
GP	Gas pressure switch
HR	Main burner
HS	Mains isolator
ION	Ionization probe
L1	Lockout warning lamp
М	Fan motor
MS	Synchronous motor
R	Control thermostat or pressurestat
SB	Safety limit thermostat
W	Limit thermostat or pressure switch
Z	Ignition transformer
ZR	Pilot burner
ZV1	Pilot gas valve in place of «BV1» in the case of pilot
	burners with main flame supervision
tw	Waiting time
TSA	Ignition safety time
т	Total running time of programming mechanism
t3	Preignition time
t4	Interval «BV1 – BV2»
t9	Second safety time
t20	Interval up to self-shutdown of the programming
	mechanism
А	Start position (switching on)
В	Operating position of burner
С	Operating position of programming mechanism or start
	position
IIX	Cam switches
1)	Resistance between terminal 3 and «N» must not exceed
	1.6 kΩ

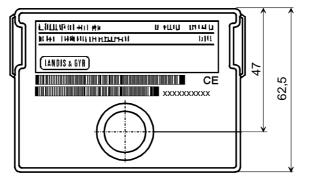
Dimensions

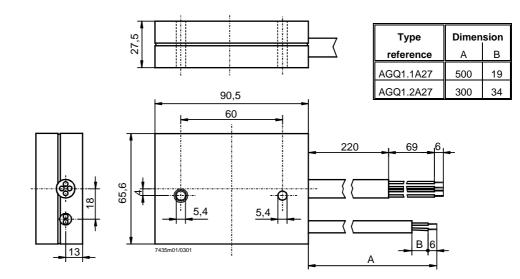
Dimensions in mm

LGB...









Auxiliary unit AGQ1...A27

